Fire Support Weapon Systems

Understanding the War in Ukraine

Session #4

Indirect Fire (Definitions)

- **fires** The effects of lethal or nonlethal weapons. (JP 3-09)
- **fire support** Fires that directly support land, maritime, amphibious, and special operations forces to engage enemy forces, combat formations, and facilities in pursuit of tactical and operational objectives. See also fires. (JP3-09.3)
- **indirect fire** Fire delivered on a target that is not itself used as a point of aim for the weapons or the director.

Joint Publication 1-02, Department of Defense Dictionary of Military and Associated Terms, 12 April 2001. 27 Feb 2023, https://apps.dtic.mil/sti/pdfs/ADA439918.pdf

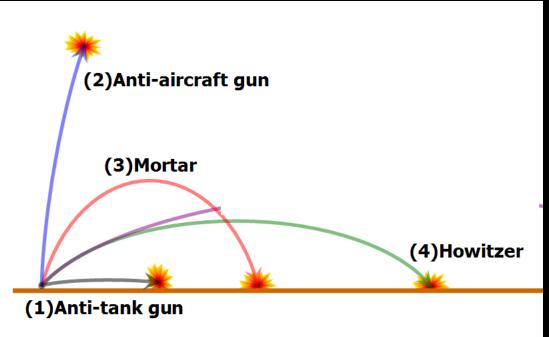
Tanks and Field Artillery Direct and indirect fire



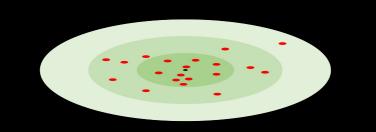
US Army photograph https://breakingdefense.com/2023/02/evolving-plans-ukrainesm1-abrams-tanks-could-come-from-us-stockpiles-official-says/

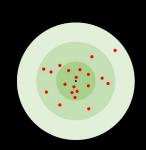


US Army photograph https://www.army.mil/article/476/army_fields_its_first_light_weight_ho witzer



https://www.wikiwand.com/simple/Trajectory



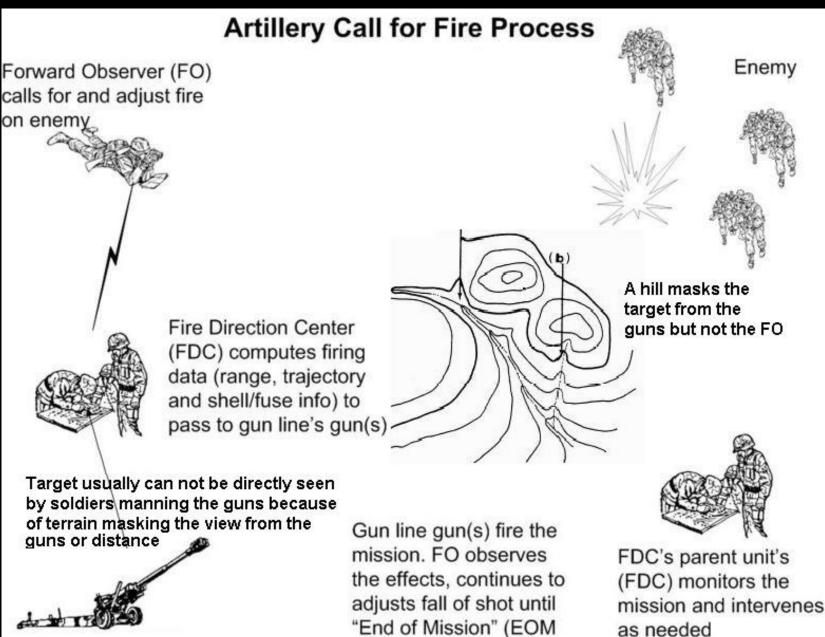


Requirements for Accurate Predicted Fire

Accurate:

- 1. Target location and size
- 2. Firing unit location
- 3. Weapon and ammunition information
- 4. Meteorological information
- 5. Computational procedures

How Does Indirect Fire Work?



as needed

Cannon Artillery Types of howitzers:

Self-propelled





REPORTED TO BE THE REPLACEMENT FOR TOWED 152mm GUN HOWITZER HIGHLY MOBILE.

Russian Cannon Artillery Systems

2A65 "Msta-B" towed, 152mm howitzer



Mil.ru, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/152_mm_howitzer_2A65_Msta-B

2S7M Malka self-propelled, 203mm gun



Business Insider, Rostec Press Office\TASS via Getty Images

2S19 Msta 152mm self-propelled howitzer



Vitaly V. Kuzmin - vitalykuzmin.net, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2S19_Msta

2A18 (D-30) 122mm towed howitzer



Mil.ru, https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/122_mm_howitzer_2A18_%28D-30%29



NATO Allies Cannon Artillery Systems

US M109, 155mm, SP



German Panzerhaubitze 2000, 155mm, SP



French CEASAR, 155mm, SP



U.S. Army photo by Markus Rauchenberger

UK/US M777, 155mm, Towed



2S22 Bohdana (155mm, SP)



Ammunition Expenditure

- 155mm ammunition: 6,000 to 8,000 rounds per day = approx. 24 to 32 semi trailer loads
- Pallet of 155mm projectiles (144 x 96 lbs each) with dunnage weighs about 15,000 lbs, (estimate another 8,000—10,000 lbs for fuzes and propellant charges)
- MLRS Rocket pod: 5,236 pounds (Jeep Grand Cherokee with 3 adult passengers)



Counter-Battery Fire

Artillery-locating radar

1L219M Zoopark-1M

1L271 Aistyonok





Russian Multiple-Launch Rocket Launchers









M270 Multiple Launch Rocket System MLRS

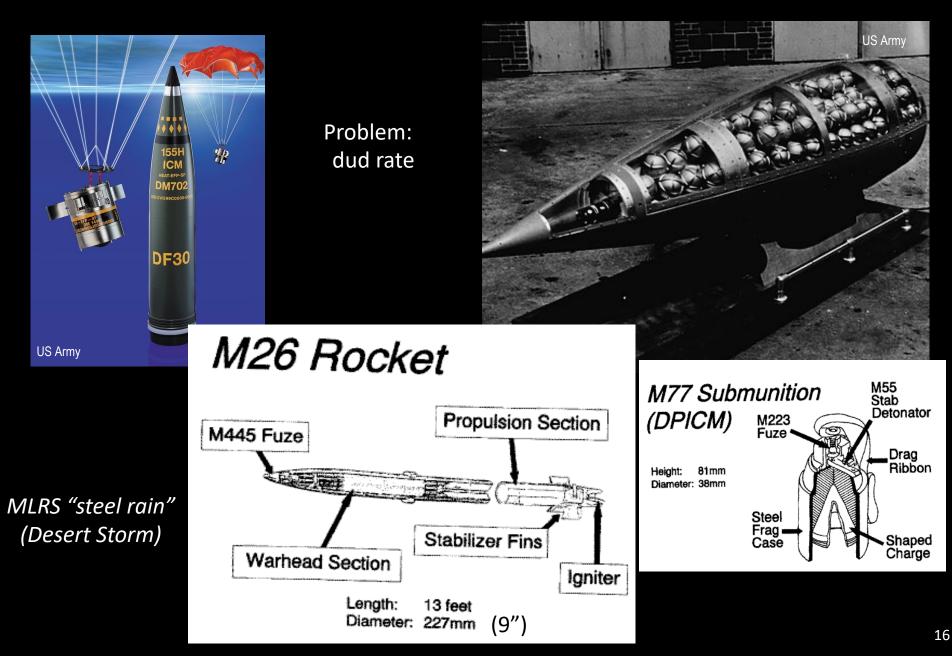
Non-nuclear capable Bradley Infantry Eighting Vehicle chassis, 26 tons 3-man crew 12 rockets (19.9 miles) or 2 ATACMS missiles (up to 186 miles) Rocket pod weighs 5,200 lbs

M142 High Mobility Artillery Rocket System HIMARS



MLRS ammunition, but only one pod 17 tons fully loaded Same 3-man crew

Cluster Munitions



What Cluster Munitions Look Like



9K720 Iskander Short-Range Ballistic Missile (SS-26 Stone)



Close-in Air Defense Weapons

ZSU-23-4 (Shilka)



FIM-92 Stinger Surface-to-Air Missile



30th Konstanty Ostrogski Brigade's anti-air battalion in the vicinity of Bakhmut.

2K12 Kub (SA-6 Gainful)



- Med-range, surface-to-air miassile \bullet
- 1967—present, several improved versions \bullet
- **Radar-homing** \bullet
- 15 mile range, 20,000' \bullet

S-400 Surface-to-Air Missile (SA-21 Growler)





https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/S-400_missile_system



Youtube,https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ebVXwUI0azI

US Patriot Surface-to-Air Missile

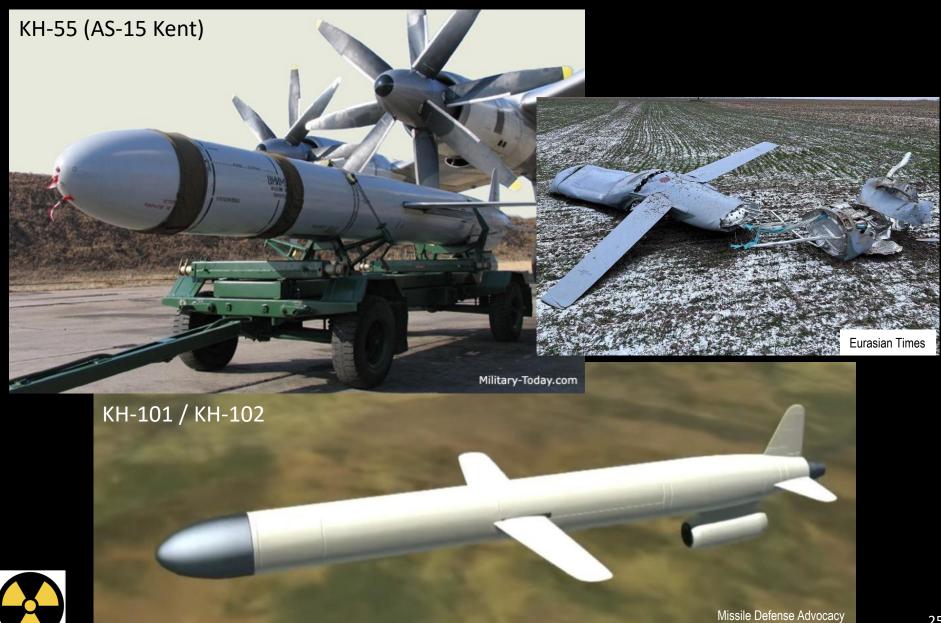




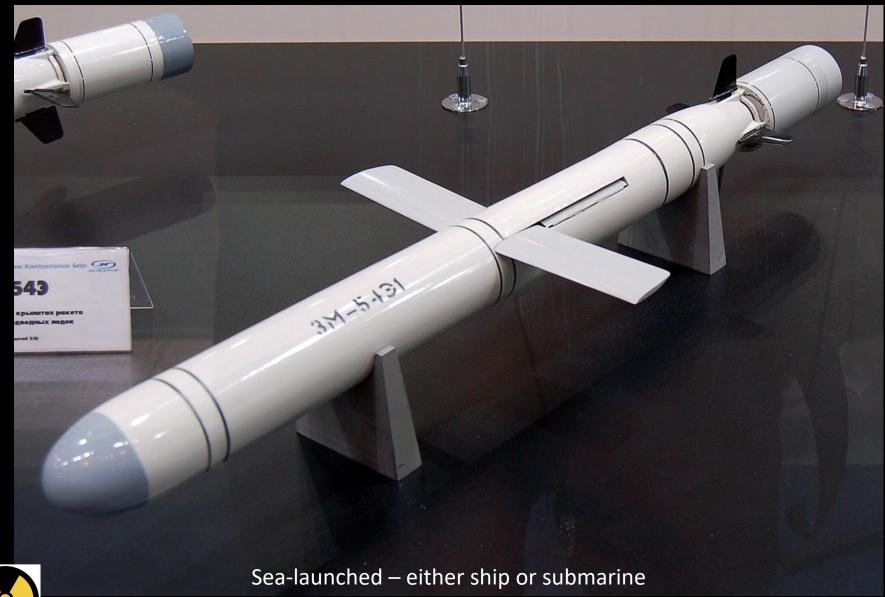
Counter-drone truck



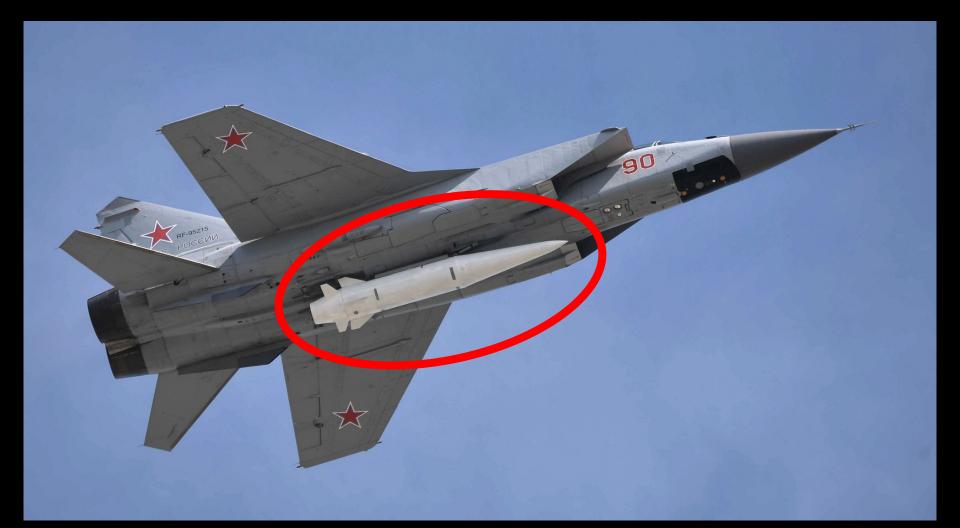
KH-55 and KH-101 Air-launched Cruise Missiles



3M-54 Kalibr (family of missiles) (SS-N-27 Sizzler)



Kh-47M2 Kinzhal (Killjoy) hypersonic cruise missile







Storm Shadow



https://www.thedrive.com/the-war-zone/ukraines-storm-shadow-missiles-are-a-big-problem-for-russia

Russian FAB-500 bomb



Upper left: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/FAB-500#/media/File:FAB-500_M62_aerial_bomb_in_Park_Patriot_01.jpg Lower right: https://newspaper.pressherald.com/html5/reader/production/default.aspx?pubname=&pubid=7197fe86-8d61-4e68-b9e9-94d7dbb2ffb5

Drones



Tupolev Tu-141 Reconnaissance Drone



Iranian-made Shahed-136 Drone



Chinese-made Mugin-5 Drone



UJ-22 Airborne

4

UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS SOLUTIONS

WAT

1-1-1

Baykar Bayrakter TB2 Drone



MQ-9 Reaper / Predator B



RQ-4 Global Hawk



Generations of Fighter Aircraft

Fighter aircraft are fixed-wing military aircraft designed primarily for air-to-air combat. In military conflict, the role of fighter aircraft is to establish air superiority of the battlespace.

Gen	In Svc	Description	Ex	amples
1	1943-1955	Transonic (250-760 mph)Conventional armed, missiles, radar	P-80 F-86	MiG-9 MiG-15
2	1953-1970	SupersonicRadar, air-to-air missiles	F-100 F-104	MiG-19 Su-24 MiG-21 Su-25
3	1960-1970	Multipurpose fighter-bombers	F-4	MiG-23
4	1970-2000	Supersonic, multi-roleHigh efficiency, high maneuverability	F-14 F-15 F-16	MiG-29 Su-27 MiG-31
4.5	1990-2000	 Enhanced capabilities, advanced avionics Limited stealth 	F/A-18 (Eurofighter Typhoon)	Su-30 Su-34 MiG-35 Su-35
5	2000- present	Advanced, integrated avionicsLow observable stealth	F-22 F-35 (FA-50)	Su-57

UNOFFICIAL – For discussion purposes only

Based on aerospaceweb.org as found in chart on https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jet_fighter_generations

Numbers of Russian & Ukrainian Fighters

Model	NATO	Enter	Gen	Туре	Russia	Ukraine				
	name	Svc						Number of A	Aircraft by	Country
Su-24	Fencer	1975	2	Attack	273	12	1,400	1,318		
MiG-31	Foxhound	1981	4	Interceptor	129	0	1,200			
Su-25	Frogfoot	1981	2	Attack	192	16	1,000			
MiG-29	Fulcrum	1982	4	Fighter	240	51	800			
Su-27	Flanker	1985	4	Fighter	101	32	600 400			
Su-34	Fullback	2006	4.5	Multirole	147	0	200			111
Su-30	Flanker-H	2012	4.5	Multirole	110	0	0			
Su-35	Fulcrum-E	2013	4.5	Multirole	110	0		Russia		Ukraine
MiG-35	Fulcrum-F	2019	4.5	Multirole	6	0				
Su-57	Felon	2020	5	Multirole	10	0				

Fighter – primarily air-to-air combat

Interceptor – defensive interception of attacking aircraft (bombers or reconnaissance)

Multirole – air-to-air, air support, aerial bombing, reconnaissance, electronic warfare, and suppression of air defense

Attack – primary purpose of attacking targets on the ground in proximity to troops

Russian & Ukrainian Fighter Aircraft



Other Key Russian Warplanes

MiG-31K (Foxhound) Interceptor

Capable of launching Kinzahl hypersonic missile

Soldat.pro

Tu-22M3 (Backfire) Bomber Ministry of Defense of the Russian Federation

Su-35 (Fulcrum-E) Multirole

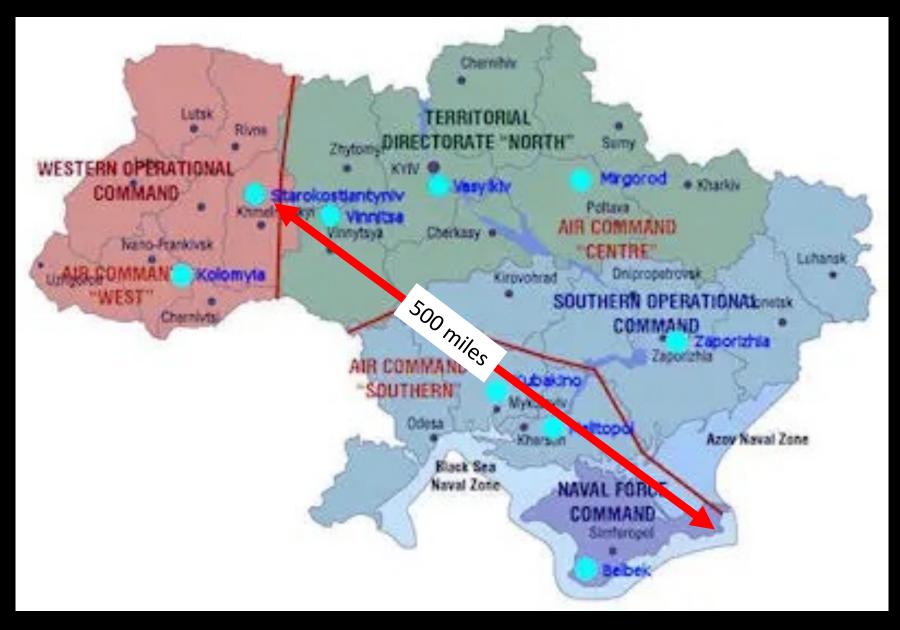


Anna Zvereva from Tallinn, Estonia

F-16 (Fighting Falcon)

Entered Service: 1976, over 4,500 built, 25 users Type: Gen 4, multirole, single-seat Speed: Cruise at Mach 2.05 (1,353 mph) Range: ~2,000 miles (58,000' ceiling)

Ukraine Air Force Bases



Russian Helicopters

Mi-24 (Hind) Helicopter Gunship

Ka-50 (Hokum A) Attack Helicopter



Mi-8 (Hip) Transport Helicopter





Ukrainian Navy Patrol Boats



Greg Myre/NPR