William Hogarth 1697-1764

"Hogarth was below the middle size, had a bright penetrating eye, and an air of spirit and vivacity: his conversation was lively and cheerful, mixed with a quickness of retort which sometimes gave offense. Though extremely satirical to his friends who were present, he was generally an advocate for an absent individual, who might occasionally become the subject of conversation; always disdaining the idea of uttering a syllable of anyone that he would not avow and repeat to his face. As a husband, brother, friend, and master, he was indulgent, generous, and sincere; and though frugal, kind and liberal." Nichols, 1811



Week 3 Nov. 17

O the Roast Beef of Old England
A Midnight Modern Conversation
Southwark Fair
The March to Finchley
Beer Street
Gin Lane
Simon, Lord Lovat, awaiting execution
Sarah Malcolm, awaiting execution

Industrious and Idle Apprentices



"The Gate of Calais or O the Roast Beef of Old England oil on canvas 31 x 37" 1748, Tate gallery

"Though his first trip left him with good memories of France.he hated French artists in England, and certain aspects of French style appalled him; their houses were "all gilt and beshit" Paulson, 257.

When mighty Roast Beef was the Englishman's food It enabled our hearts, and enriched our blood; Our soldiers were brave and our courtiers were good O the Roast Beef of Old *England* And Old *England's* Roast Beef!

Then, *Britons*, from all nice Dainties refrain
Which effeminate Italy, *France*, and *Spain*;
And mighty Roast Beef shall command on the Main.
Oh the Roast Beef of Old *England*And Old *Englands's* Roast Beef.`

Henry Fielding



OTHE ROAST BEEF OF OLD ENGLAND, &c. -

Engraved by CMosley &W. Hogarth.

The Fashionable 18th Century "Conversation Piece"



Jean-Antoine Watteau

La Conversation
oil on canvas
20 x 24
1712-13
Toledo art Gallery



Hogarth
The Cholmondeley Family
oil on canvas
40 x 50
1732



A Midnight Modern Conversation
1732
oil on canvas 30 x 64

Yale Center for British Art



"Considered in a moral point of view it may have as good an effect as the sight of an intoxicated slave had on the youth of *Sparta*. This people sometimes caused a slave to drink to excess, that their sons, disgusted by the degrading sight, might equally detest and avoid such an abominable practice."

Nichols, 1811

Southwark Fair 1733 oil on canvas 49x59 in.

Cincinnati Art Museum





"This admirable representation of the manners of England was dedicated to the King of Prussia, which appeared surprising to those who were unacquainted with the history of the plate. Before publication it was inscribed to George the Second, and the picture taken to St.James's, in full expectation of obtaining royal approbation. His Majesty, though an honest man and a soldier, was not a very excellent judge of works of humor, and expressed great dissatisfaction on viewing this singular delineation.

The following dialog is said to have taken place on this occasion between the Sovereign and his lord in waiting:

Sovereign: pray who is this Hogarth?

Nobleman: A painter, my Liege

Sovereign: I hate *bainting* and *boetry* too. Neither the one nor the other ever did any good. Did this fellow mean to laugh at my guards?

Nobleman: The picture, please your Majesty, must undoubtedly be considered as a burlesque!

Sovereign: What! a *bainter* burlesque a soldier? He deserves to be picketed for insolence. take the trumpery out of my sight."

The picture was accordingly returned to the artist, who, mortified at such a reception to what he considered as his best performance, immediately altered the inscription beneath the plate, and caused to be inserted the *King of Prussia,* instead of the *King of England* as an encourager of the arts."

The March to Finchley 1750





A Representation of the March of the Year 1745Inter I representation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Inter I representation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Guards towards Scotland in the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Year 1745Interpresentation of the March of the Year 1745Interpresentation of the Year 1745Interpresenta



"As the Subjects of these Prints are calculated to reform some reigning Vices peculiar to the Lower Class of People, in hopes to render them of more extensive use, the Author had published them in the cheapest Manner possible."



Sarah Malcolm
Who was Executed for the
Murder of Mrs. Lydia Duncombe,
Elizabeth Harrison,and
Ann Price, on the 17th
of March, 1733

Hogarth to Sir James Thornhill: "I see, by this woman's features, that she is capable of any wickedness,"

Nichols, 1811





Simon, Lord Lovat
Drawn from the Life
by
William Hogarth
1745

Sir William Young Commons Prosecutor:

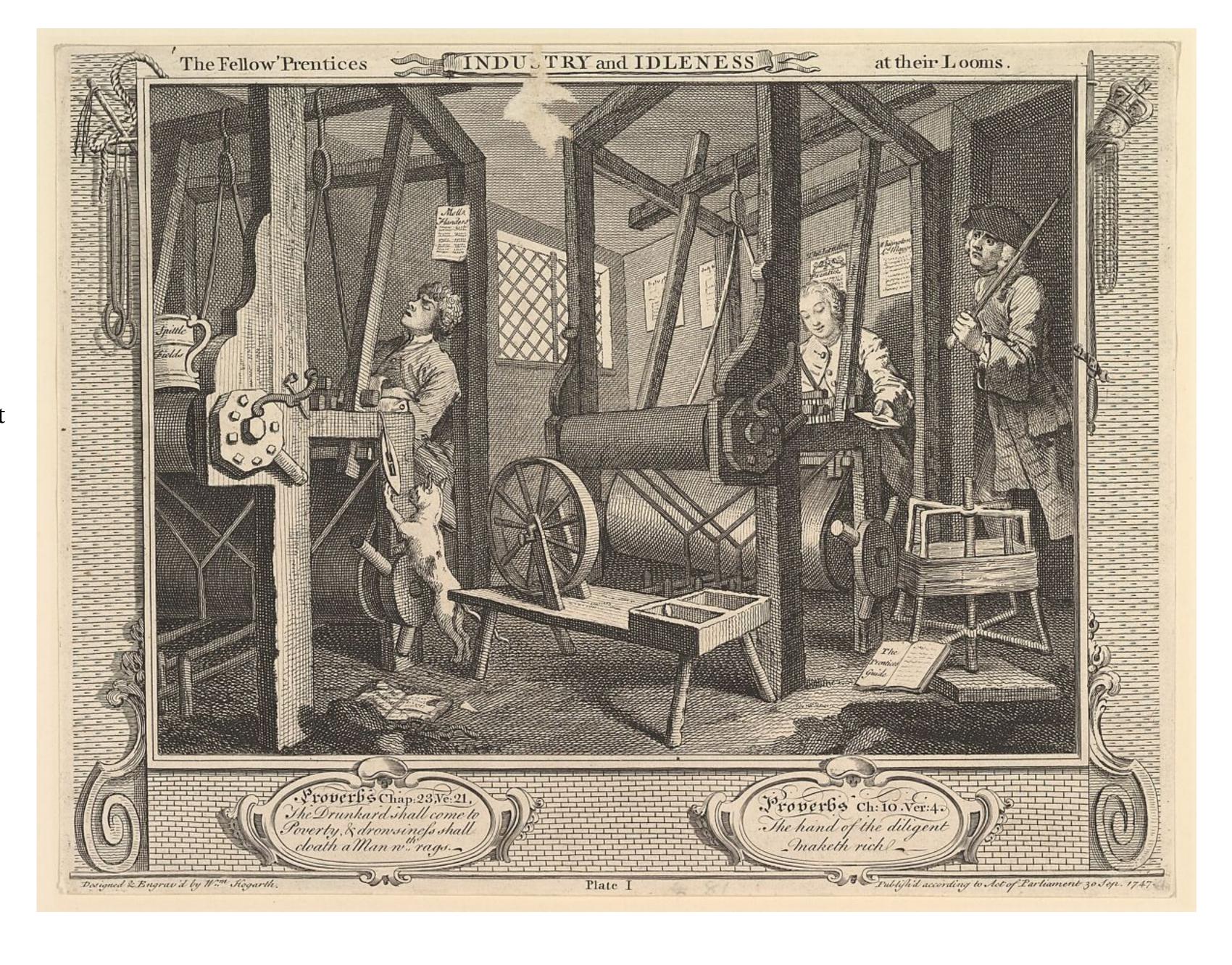
"Your Lordships have already done national justice on some of the principal traitors, who appeared in open arms against his Majesty, by the ordinary course of law; but this noble lord, who in the course of his life, has boasted of his superior cunning in wickedness, and his ability to counsel frequent treasons with impunity, vainly imagined that he might possibly be a traitor in private, and a rebel only in his heart, by sending his son and his followers to join the Pretender, and remaining at home himself, to endeavor to deceive his Majesty's faithful subjects. Hoping he might be rewarded for his son's services, if successful; or his son alone be the sufferer for his offenses if the undertaking failed; diabolical cunning, monstrous impiety."



INDUSTRY AND IDLENESS 1747

"The series was aimed unabashedly not at the polite but the ordinary people, at the masters who would hang these prints in their shops and the apprentices who would have to stare at them there, week in week out. Hogarth explained without irony that theywere 'calculated for the use and instruction of those young people wherein everythingnecessary too be conveyed to them is fullydescribed in words as well as figure."

Jenny Uglow, *Hogarth: A Life and a World.*" New York 1997















Nº-48.









